Understanding and evaluating digital healthcare

Learning Outcomes: Understand use and functions of digitalisation in healthcare, distinguish between institutionrelated/(institution-)comprehensive/patient-related concepts and solutions, understand basic functioning of intelligent decision-making and support systems, identify relevant ethical and data protection requirements in the development and use, explain and apply research approaches for evaluation from a user or systemic perspective

Tasks & Activities:



Used Tools and Software: Zoom for presentation and project work, Padlet for online collaboration in lectures (brainstorming etc.), in-house Learning Management System for file sharing, Voiceflow and HoloLens 2 used in project groups **Co-funded by**





Understanding and evaluating assistive technologies

Learning Outcomes: Understand concepts of assistive technologies, understand the different types and settings used for different disabilities to design a personalized rehabilitation plan, understand how to operate the various types and features of environmental control systems, demonstrate and apply knowledge about assistive technology in an evaluation of an assistive technology device and case studies

Tasks & Activities:

Lecture

- Introduction to eHealth and assistive technologies (types, characteristics, main categories)
- Effective use of assistive technology devices (electric wheelchairs etc.)
- Presentations by guest lecturers (field experts etc.)

Self-directed Learning

- Watching videos on the discussed topics
- Preparation of the case study for the final assignment
- Optional: mentoring via e-mail or MS Teams

Case Study

- Students prepare and present an evaluation of an assistive technology device (group work)
- Students design an appropriate technological environment for the use of assistive technology in the case study

Used Tools and Software: MS Word/Excel/PowerPoint for presentation and online collaboration, MS Teams for lectures and mentoring, MS OneDrive and in-house Learning Management System for file sharing, digital documents (e.g. infographics and reports of professional societies), videos and podcasts for self-directed learning





Utilising digital environments for rehab. counseling

Learning Outcomes: Define social digital networks from the perspective of one's own profession and in working with customers, utilise digital environments and digital working practices, guide clients to use digital services, instruct the safe use of different digital environments

Tasks & Activities:



Used Tools and Software: Zoom for presentation and group work, Padlet/Flinga/Mentimeter for online collaboration and participation, in-house Learning Management System for video and file sharing, Windows Easy Access functions, Sotepeda247 Website (<u>https://sotepeda247.fi/</u>), different open course material libraries





Understanding and performing telehealth sessions

Learning Outcomes: Understand concepts of digital rehabilitation and telehealth via videoconferencing, understand differences in online HCP-client interactions, plan a telehealth session, apply different communication styles for the online context, conduct online assessment, care planning and management

Tasks & Activities:



Used Tools and Software: MS PowerPoint for presentation, Zoom for lectures, digital documents (e.g. infographics and reports of professional societies, assessment checklists), videos and podcasts for self-directed learning, Telehealth Toolbox Website (<u>https://telehealthtoolbox.org/</u>), Physiotec telehealth platform (education license)





Simulating and reflecting on digital rehab. settings

Learning Outcomes: Prepare a digital rehabilitation setting, simulate a digital rehabilitation situation and reflect on it, choose adequate ICT tools and use them effectively, establish a collaborative relationship with a client, their family, and the interprofessional team, communicate effectively with all involved stakeholders, applied social-communicative competencies and work in a team

Tasks & Activities:



Used Tools and Software: MS Teams for videoconferencing, MS PowerPoint for presentation, krankheitserfahrungen.de Website (<u>https://www.krankheitserfahrungen.de/</u>), in-house Learning Management System for file sharing and presentation of the attending students with photo and short description (students from multiple study programmes), digital "learning diary" (e.g. in Learning Management System)





Use-Case #6 Utilising mobile learning in digital rehabilitation

Learning Outcomes: Understand the rationale of utilising mobile learning in digital rehabilitation, understand the digitalization structure of different countries and regions, analyse and discuss the potential and benefits of mobile learning in digital rehabilitation, improve education and learning using mobile devices in Sub-Saharan countries

Tasks & Activities:



Used Tools and Software: MS PowerPoint for presentation, Google forms, MS Teams and Zoom for group works and lectures, WhatsApp and telephone calls for communication, videos for delivering content





Using simulation pedagogy in digital guidance

Learning Outcomes: Training the client guidance using a digital rehabilitation platform. Evaluate the usability and usefulness of a digital rehabilitation platform in different kind of client situations.

Tasks & Activities:

Orientation and planning

- Getting familiar with the case (individual work)
- Planning the guidance situation in group
- Dividing roles (client*, professional and observer/peer student)

Simulation

- Client and professional work in the digital rehabilitation platform performing the tasks defined in the orientation and planning phase
- Observer/peer student monitor the working and make the notes

Self-reflection and feedback

- Short self-reflection and feedback from all the participants starting with student(s) who are performing the task(s)
- (Learning diary can be used as a individual assignment after the situation, delayed feedback discussion can take place after a week)

Used Tools and Software: Zoom, digital rehabilitation platform (e.g. <u>www.physitrack.com</u>). Simulation can be recorded and the recording can be watched during the feedback discussion. Tools and questionnaires related to usability can be used right after the situation (e.g. <u>www.measuringux.com/SUS.pdf</u>).

More about simulation-based learning e.g. Lateef F. (2010). Simulation-based learning: Just like the real thing. Journal of emergencies, trauma, and shock, 3(4), 348–352. https://doi.org/10.4103/0974-2700.70743

(*it is possible to use also outsider/actor instead of peer student)



