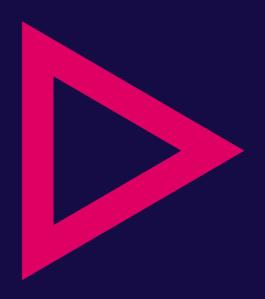
DEGREE PROGRAMME IN INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS (IB) SCHOOL OF BUSINESS



ILO GUIDE

Programme Intended Learning Outcomes 2022





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1. Introduction

Warmly welcome to IB!

The purpose of this guide is to help you form a holistic, "big picture", view of the IB program from the perspective of intended learning outcomes at both the programme level and at course levels. This should help you to understand more clearly how the courses and other components of the curriculum serve the overall goals of the programme, and also how you can create a plan for developing your own competencies while studying for your degree.

As you move through your studies and particularly once you graduate, it is important also that you are able to reflect on your own learning outcomes. By doing so you will create valuable knowledge and insights about yourself. The reflective process is supported in your tutoring sessions with the faculty and staff of the school. Ultimately you will increase your own awareness of your skills and abilities as you enter the competitive business arena.

This guidebook defines, describes and explains programme level intended learning outcomes (PILOs) in general, and in details at the programme level, and then links them to the course level. The assessment criteria and tools of courses are derived from these programme level intended learning outcomes. In return, in the Final Assessment Report you will mirror the progress of your business knowledge and skills against IB's PILOs, just before graduation.

In IB, in the course of time you will have more and more room personalizing the studies. First year is a given package of fundamentals. For the second year, you can choose one of our Academic Tracks and on-line courses according to your interests. Third year is reserved for your own wishes and dreams. You can study any of the special subjects offered by our wide network of international partner universities.

Take the best out of the years in IB!

Jyväskylä, August 2022 Matti Hirsilä Head of Programme

2 Intended Learning Outcomes



"Put simply, ILOs are a statement of what a student will know and be able to do at the end of a (degree) programme or at the end of each component course (module) of the degree" (Chris Greensted and Ulrich Hommel, p 21, Global Focus 01/2014)

Generally speaking, intended learning outcomes (ILOs) describe what particular knowledge, skills and attitudes you should **master** and be able to **demonstrate** at the end of a course for course ILOs, also known as CILOs, and by the end of the programme in terms of programme ILOs, which are also referred to at PILOs.

Programme-level intended learning outcomes should address the following kinds of questions:

- ▶ What skills and abilities I am able to develop in 3.5 years?
- ▶ What does the IB programme intend for me to learn?
- ▶ Which programme-level intended learning outcomes does a course target?
- ▶ At which point of the programme are my demonstrated skills and abilities assessed?
- ▶ Based on IB's PILOs, what can I expect my career trajectory to be?

Programme-level ILOs cannot describe everything in detail about what you will be taught and learn in your studies. PILOs form a holistic picture of the goals of the programme and provide some direction for your efforts. It is also obvious that each discipline, subject area and representative course also have important learning goals of its own. It is the task of a lecturer to define these CILOs and it is necessary that they be in line with programme-level objectives. The CILOs work together in an integrated, cohesive and developmental way to support the PILOs.

"Intended learning outcomes provide a clear structure that provides information on the programme objectives or goals showing how these are achieved through programme ILOs. In turn, these are cascaded down to course ILOs level, which then guide course level assessments. Many experienced faculty would say that the use of ILOs has considerably strengthened the coherence of their programmes and the component courses. ILOs have become friends of the stakeholders and not the foes foreseen!" (Chris Greensted and Ulrich Hommel, p 25, Global Focus 01/2014)

When talking about ILOs another concept, competence, may come to mind. Sometimes competence and intended learning outcomes thought of as the same phenomena. While they may be close in terms of meaning and use, there are some fundamental differences. A competence refers to a specific skill or skills set needed to accomplish something successfully or efficiently, whereas intended learning outcomes refer to what you should be able to master or demonstrate by the end of training. Competence is therefore something that is generated through and by completing the intended learning outcomes.

The relationship between intended learning outcomes and competences can be illustrated with an example in sports. Let us use football (soccer) as an example. Junior football players are taught to move, handle the ball, shoot and understand the basic tactics of the game through various kinds of exercises and drills coached by someone more experienced. In a way the coaches of all junior players employ the same intended learning outcomes. So why do so few of these juniors become professional players? Why are there not more Peles, Ronaldos, Ibrahimovich's or Messis? It is likely that these superstars had the **motivation**; interest, hunger, and willingness to learn and practice and utilize and **combine intended learning outcomes** for competence development. They have developed their own **competences** based on the crucial fundamentals of the game, football's intended learning outcomes. Naturally, another part of becoming a superstar in any sport can also be attributed to inherited genes, special talents and gifts, and superior guidance and support, but not entirely.



It is important for you to realize that in an academic degree programme each individual course addresses and assesses only intended learning outcomes and competences for that course. Your PILO competencies represent the combination of CILOs and various other curricular and extra curricular elements, and will develop over time. In all intended learning outcomes lay the foundation for competence development during your studies and especially after graduation as you prepare to begin your career in business. The illustration below illuminates the similarities, differences and relationships between ILOs and competences.

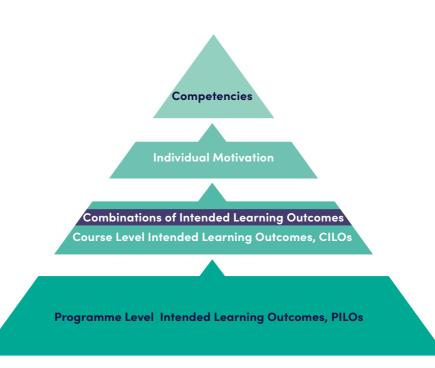


FIGURE 1. From intended learning outcomes to personal competences

3 Some background on learning in IB

IB PILOs are jointly created by the IB faculty. According to our quality assurance policy the PILOs are discussed and approved by the Academic Board of the School of Business IB faculty members, in collaboration with the head of the degree programme, identify the PILOs that can be integrated to each course.

Different PILOs are designed in such a manner that they, first, fall in compliance with the programme level strategic objectives/goals and second, incorporate 'applied aspect' in terms of contents, delivery, and evaluation. As a result, your success in a particular course is not in isolation since it also reflects/contributes to achieving the success in other courses and certain of the degree programme's PILOs.

The IB programme is structurally designed to develop knowledge and understanding through the rigorous academic process that generates management skills demanded by international businesses, such as skills in marketing, management, finance, and information-based decision making. While transferable skills are explicitly integrated into the programme it is also ensured that graduates emerge with an appropriate grounding in the academic fundamentals required for a career in international business or progression to further study.

Knowledge refers to the information and facts that are acquired through your studies and experiences, and thus it can refer to the explicit theoretical bases or the implicit practical understanding of a subject. **Understanding** is a psychological process related to an abstract or physical object, such as a person, situation, or message whereby one is able to think about and use concepts to deal adequately with that object. Understanding forms a relationship between the knower and an object of understanding. Understanding implies abilities and dispositions with respect to an object of knowledge sufficient to support intelligent behavior. To understand something is to have conceptualized it to a given measure.

Intellectual skills are critical, analytical, synthesizing and problem-solving capabilities. You can develop these skills by learning, thinking critically, applying basic principles and forming structured arguments. A student acquires a foundation of intellectual and practical skills including communication, quantitative reasoning, qualitative reasoning (critical, analytical, and creative thinking), and technical and information literacies. In the field of communication a student will be able to write and speak effectively in a variety of settings (e.g. academic, civic and professional), acquire an awareness of audience, and understand the intent and impact of performed, spoken, written or visual texts. Skills in quantitative reasoning refer understanding, interpreting and presenting mathematical information using symbolic, visual, numerical and verbal conventions to solve problems using numeric,

algebraic, geometric and statistical methods, and to use quantitative information in contexts, and determine the reasonableness of results. Skills in **qualitative reasoning** include elements such as critical, analytical and creative thinking. A student will be able to evaluate the logic, validity and relevance of arguments; gather, interpret and evaluate information in a variety of forms; use critical skills of analysis, evaluation, synthesis and application; and approach complex problems from diverse perspectives, considering alternative solutions. **Information literacy** covers abilities to use library, multimedia, computer technology and other information sources to access, process and deliver information; access information ethically, legally, effectively and efficiently; and evaluate the credibility of information.

Practical skills require one to combine concepts and theories and put them into practice. For example, a student who has been taught the principles of marketing research can demonstrate in his or her thesis whether the data collection method was done according to theoretical and methodological principles.

Transferable skills comprise the various abilities you develop that will be useful across a range of different jobs and industries. They might be role-related, technical or general. The student is able to exercise initiative and take personal responsibility for one's own work in terms of ethics, sustainability, timeliness, professional behavior, personal motivation and planning skills. As well as numeracy and languages, most employers will be looking for commitment and motivation; interpersonal, group and intercultural skills, professional communication skills; self-awareness (knowing your strengths – and weaknesses); management and leadership skills; decision-making ability and an ability to think ahead. Employers everywhere value these skills because they mean you can solve problems. Good interpersonal skills and organizational ability are probably the most important abilities you can offer, along with high energy and the enthusiasm to work as a part of a team. One should not forget the essentials, like punctuality, good time management, attention to details, ability and willingness to enlist help when necessary and a willingness to accept responsibility.

Programme Intended Learning Outcomes of IB

Upon the completion of IB a student is able to

- Critically review, analyze and understand information available from academic and professional business sources.
- ▶ Apply disciplinary and interdisciplinary knowledge to analyze business challenges and global trends to propose or put into action practical business solutions based on the findings.
- Communicate responsibly and effectively in English through oral, written and digital formats in academic and professional contexts.
- Demonstrate intercultural teamwork, leadership, and conflict resolution skills.
- ▶ Embrace ethical conduct in practice and decision-making. This may be according to the Principles for Responsible Management Education (UNPRME) or the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations.
- ▶ Reflect upon and deepen personal and professional learning in order to recognize their strengths to support their career development.

1st YEAR: Fundamentals

Working Life and Entrepreneurial Skills Information Management and Digital Learning International Communication and Management Skills

2nd YEAR: Academic Skills & Bachelor's Thesis

Academic Tracks

- Marketing Management
- Cross Cultural Management
- ▶ Technology Business and Future Foresight
- Finance and Corporate Governance
- Innovation Management
- Economics of Internationalisation and Competitiveness
- Sport Management or Sport Marketing

Bachelor Thesis Applied Track Project

3rd YEAR: Personal Development

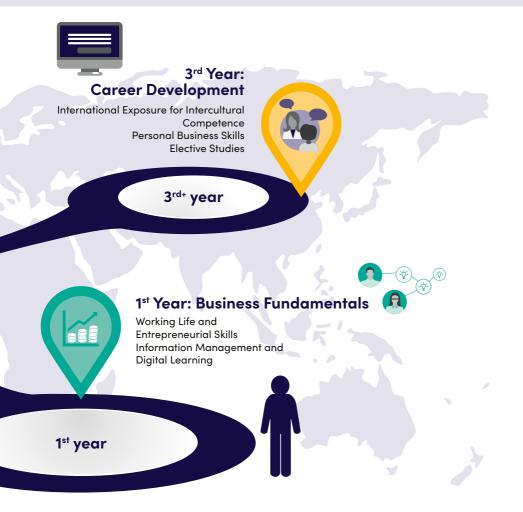
International Exposure for Intercultural Competence Personal Business Skills Elective Studies

Upon the completion of the programme a student is able to

- Critically review, analyze and understand information available from academic and professional business sources.
- Apply disciplinary and interdisciplinary knowledge to analyze business challenges and global trends to propose or put into action practical business solutions based on the findings.
- ▶ Communicate responsibly and effectively in English through oral, written and digital formats in academic and professional contexts.



- Demonstrate intercultural teamwork, leadership, and conflict resolution skills.
- Embrace ethical conduct in practice and decision-making. This may be according to the Principles for Responsible Management Education (UNPRME) or the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations.
- ▶ Reflect upon and deepen personal and professional learning in order to recognize their strengths to support their career development.



5 Intended Learning Outcomes at the course level

IB's Intended Learning Outcomes (PILOs) are applied when assessing the performance of students. Each course of IB is linked to one or more of them. This means that assessment criteria and tools of courses are derived from the programme level intended learning outcomes.

The following tells you in which courses each of the PILOs are applied in assessment. This should help you to know what to focus on when demonstrating your skills in your studies in the hunt of the highest possible grades.

Critically review, analyze and understand information available from academic and professional business sources.

1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year
Data Analysis in Business Management Cross-cultural Management Essentials: Communication, Conflict, and Management Perspectives Economics Marketing Marketing Marketing Communication Research and Development	 ▶ Human Resource Management ▶ Strategic Marketing ▶ Innovation Management (academic track) ▶ Cross Cultural Management (academic track) ▶ Marketing Management (academic track) ▶ Technology Business and Future Foresight (academic track) ▶ Finance and Corporate Governance (academic track) ▶ Economics of Internationalisation and Competitiveness (academic track) ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Planning ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Implementation ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Implementation ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Reporting and Assessment ▶ Corporate Finance Models 1 (online) ▶ Corporate Finance Models 2 (online) ▶ Business Analytics: Prescriptive Models (online) ▶ Statistics for Managers using MS Excel, part 1 (online) ▶ Collaborative Online International Learning (COIL)-Coventry University Project ▶ Digital Marketing Strategies ▶ Elements of Artificial Intelligence MOOC ▶ Building AI ▶ Ethics of AI 	 ▶ Final Assessment ▶ Exchange ▶ Technology Business Dynamics ▶ Sport Accounting and Administration ▶ Sport Management ▶ International Sport Development ▶ Sport Marketing ▶ Purchasing Management ▶ Global Product Development and Management (online) ▶ Business Simulation (online) ▶ Global Supply Chain Management (online) ▶ Global Financial Management (online) ▶ Complex sales (online)

Apply disciplinary and interdisciplinary knowledge to analyze business challenges and global trends to propose or put into action practical business solutions based on the findings.

Description
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Communicate responsibly and effectively in English through oral, written and digital formats in academic and professional contexts.

1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year
 Cross-cultural Management Essentials: Communication, Conflict, and Management Perspectives Management Management Accounting Economics Marketing Marketing Marketing Communication Research and Development Data Analysis 		 ▶ Practical Training ▶ Final Assessment ▶ Exchange ▶ Technology Business Dynamics ▶ Invent for the Planet ▶ FF Concept Lab ▶ Sport Accounting and Administration ▶ Sport Accounting and Administration ▶ Sport Management ▶ International Sport Development ▶ Enterprise Resource Planning ▶ Logistics Simulations ▶ Global Product Development and Management (online) ▶ Business Simulation (online) ▶ Global Supply Chain Management (online) ▶ Global Product Development and Management (online) ▶ Global Financial Management (online)



Demonstrate intercultural teamwork, leadership, and conflict resolution skills.

2nd year 3rd year 1st year Development as an Expert ▶ Human Resource Management Final Assessment **▶** Economics ▶ Strategic Marketing ▶ Business Simulation (online) ▶ Marketing Cross Cultural Management (academic track) ▶ Sport Marketing Cross-cultural Management ▶ Innovation Management (academic track) ▶ Technology Business Dynamics Essentials: Communication, Conflict, ▶ Marketing Management (academic track) Invent for the Planet and Management Perspectives ▶ Technology Business and Future FF Concept Lab ▶Management Foresight (academic track) ▶ Sport Accounting and Administration ▶ Management Accounting ▶ Finance and Corporate Governance Sport Management ▶ Marketing Communication (academic track) ▶ International Sport Development ▶ Future Factory Project Collaborative Online International Learning ▶ Exchange (COIL)-Coventry University Project **▶** Logistics Simulations ▶ Sport Management ▶ Business Simulation (online) ▶ Global Product Development and Management (online) ▶ Psychology for Business Leadership



Embrace ethical conduct in practice and decision–making. This may be according to the Principles for Responsible Management Education (UNPRME) or the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations.

1 st year	2 nd year	3 rd year
 ▶ Economics ▶ Marketing ▶ Management ▶ Management Accounting ▶ Cross-cultural Management Essentials: Communication, Conflict, and Management Perspectives ▶ Research and Development 	→ Human Resource Management → Strategic Marketing → Cross Cultural Management (academic track) → Marketing Management (academic track) → Finance and Corporate Governance (academic track) → Economics of Internationalisation and Competitiveness (academic track) → Applied Track Project → Bachelor's Thesis, Planning → Bachelor's Thesis, Thesis Writing → Bachelor's Thesis, Implementation → Bachelor's Thesis, Reporting and Assessment → Maturity Test → Future Factory Project → Ethics of Al	D Final Assessment D Global Supply Chain Management (online) D Sport Marketing D Exchange D Technology Business Dynamics Invent for the Planet D FF Concept Lab D Sport Marketing D Sport Marketing D Sport Accounting and Administration D Sport Management D International Sport Development Complex sales (online)

Reflect upon and deepen personal and professional learning in order to recognize their strengths to support their career development.

1st year 2nd year 3rd year Development as an Expert Cross Cultural Management (academic track) ▶ Practical Training ▶ Management ▶ Technology Business and Future ▶ Final Assessment Foresight (academic track) ▶ Cross-cultural Management Global Supply Chain Essentials: Communication, Conflict, ▶ Finance and Corporate Governance Management (online) and Management Perspectives (academic track) ▶ Exchange ▶ Management Accounting ▶ Economics of Internationalisation and Invent for the Planet Competitiveness (academic track) ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Planning ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Thesis Writing ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Implementation ▶ Bachelor's Thesis, Reporting and Assessment Psychology for Business Leadership Collaborative Online International Learning (COIL)-Coventry University Project ▶ Ethics of AI



Personal development of students

IB applies a comprehensive and well-functioning study guidance and counselling process. The main aim of the process is to ensure a smooth and meaningful progression of studies and to support growth of personal and professional expertise through articulation of one's own competencies and skills. In addition, it is important to support students' adaptation to the Jamk community and to Finland. This is achieved through well structured paths for language learning and cultural integration

IB's qualified study counsellor participates actively in Jamk's study guidance development activities and works in close cooperation with other key players that provide guidance to students: Student Services, International Services, 1st year tutors, Career Tutors, Academic Coordinators, faculty members and peer tutors. IB pays special attention to first year guidance due to the multicultural mix and large variety of educational and pedagogical backgrounds.

Study guidance aims at providing pedagogical support to students to help them understand and plan their studies in order to make steady progress in their studies and to graduate according to their plan. Study guidance also helps students to familiarize themselves with Jamk's practices. One particular form of support is Jamk's accessible learning environment, which provides students with equal opportunities to study regardless of individual differences. This means that students with learning difficulties, disabilities, or with different cultural or language backgrounds are supported in order to help them progress in their barrier-free studies.

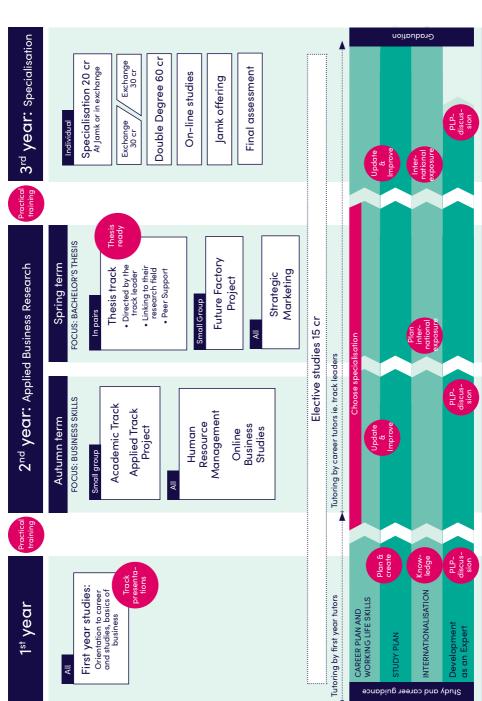
At an early stage of their studies, **students prepare a Personal Learning Plan (PLP)** and begin their career planning by completing the annual Career Plan In the PLP, students define the goals of their studies and specify which courses they are planning to complete. The Career Plan and Study Plan are updated and refined as appropriate in various stages of study and followed up annually by student's personal career tutor.

Students are responsible for monitoring their own study progress and for completing their courses, but they are supported in various ways throughout the process. However, overall credit accumulation is followed up twice a year by the study counsellor in order to detect students that would benefit from additional support. If the study progress follow-up system identifies students who have fallen behind the recommended 3.5-year course of study, personal guidance is provided in order to accelerate the study progress when necessary.

Each student is assigned a Career tutor representing the field of student's professional interests. Students receive assistance from their Career tutor in finding and planning practical training that supports their career aspirations. The Career tutor supports students in their professional growth and study planning as well as acts as their thesis tutor.

For many students, higher education studies represent the time when they learn how to lead an independent life. In the process, issues outside of formal PLP discussions may sometimes be raised in which students need support i.e. time management, motivation, difficult life situations, coping problems, stress, mental health issues and other health problems. In addition to discussing these topics with their Career tutor, every student has the right to personal, confidential guidance discussions with a Peer Tutor, Study Counsellor, Study Psychologist, Student Health Care or School Pastor. The aim of these discussions is to analyse the student's goals and wishes, and to identify possibilities for supporting them.





Personal support services: counselling, study psychologist, health care, school pastor, student tutors



